## God's Justification By Faith

Righteousness Revealed #7 - Pastor Gary Combs - November 18, 2018 - Romans 4:1-25

Romans 4:1-8 (ESV) <sup>1</sup> What then shall we say was gained by Abraham, our forefather according to the flesh? <sup>2</sup> For if Abraham was justified by works, he has something to boast about, but not before God. <sup>3</sup> For what does the Scripture say? "Abraham believed God, and it was counted to him as righteousness." <sup>4</sup> Now to the one who works, his wages are not counted as a gift but as his due. <sup>5</sup> And to the one who does not work but believes in him who justifies the ungodly, his faith is counted as righteousness, <sup>6</sup> just as David also speaks of the blessing of the one to whom God counts righteousness apart from works: <sup>7</sup> "Blessed are those whose lawless deeds are forgiven, and whose sins are covered; <sup>8</sup> blessed is the man against whom the Lord will not count his sin."

Why God's justification is by faith alone:	
1. No one is counted righteous by, but by God's	
Romans 6:23 (ESV) For the wages of sin is death, but the free gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord. Ephesians 2:8-9 (ESV) <sup>8</sup> For by grace you have been saved through faith. And this is not your own doing; it is the gift of God result of works, so that no one may boast.	d, <sup>9</sup> not a
2. No one is counted righteous by, but by God's	
Romans 4:9-12 (ESV) <sup>9</sup> Is this blessing then only for the circumcised, or also for the uncircumcised? For we say that for counted to Abraham as righteousness. <sup>10</sup> How then was it counted to him? Was it before or after he had been circumcised not after, but before he was circumcised. <sup>11</sup> He received the sign of circumcision as a seal of the righteousness that he faith while he was still uncircumcised. The purpose was to make him the father of all who believe without being circumcitat righteousness would be counted to them as well, <sup>12</sup> and to make him the father of the circumcised who are no circumcised but who also walk in the footsteps of the faith that our father Abraham had before he was circumcised.	d? It was had by cised, so
Galatians 3:7-9 (ESV) <sup>7</sup> Know then that it is those of faith who are the sons of Abraham. <sup>8</sup> And the Scripture, foreseeing the would justify the Gentiles by faith, preached the gospel beforehand to Abraham, saying, "In you shall all the nations be be so then, those who are of faith are blessed along with Abraham, the man of faith.	
3. No one is counted righteous by the, but by God's	
Romans 4:13-25 (ESV) <sup>13</sup> For the promise to Abraham and his offspring that he would be heir of the world did not come through the righteousness of faith. <sup>14</sup> For if it is the adherents of the law who are to be the heirs, faith is null and the is void. <sup>15</sup> For the law brings wrath, but where there is no law there is no transgression. <sup>16</sup> That is why it depends on faith, that the promise may rest on grace and be guaranteed to all his offspring—not only to the adherent of the law but als one who shares the faith of Abraham, who is the father of us all, <sup>17</sup> as it is written, "I have made you the father of many no in the presence of the God in whom he believed, who gives life to the dead and calls into existence the things that do r	promise in order so to the ations"—

Galatians 3:15-17 (ESV) <sup>15</sup> To give a human example, brothers: even with a man-made covenant, no one annuls it or adds to it once it has been ratified. <sup>16</sup> Now the promises were made to Abraham and to his offspring. It does not say, "And to offsprings," referring to many, but referring to one, "And to your offspring," who is Christ. <sup>17</sup> This is what I mean: the law, which came 430 years afterward, does not annul a covenant previously ratified by God, so as to make the promise void.

was delivered up for our trespasses and raised for our justification.

<sup>18</sup> In hope he believed against hope, that he should become the father of many nations, as he had been told, "So shall your offspring be." <sup>19</sup> He did not weaken in faith when he considered his own body, which was as good as dead (since he was about a hundred years old), or when he considered the barrenness of Sarah's womb. <sup>20</sup> No unbelief made him waver concerning the promise of God, but he grew strong in his faith as he gave glory to God, <sup>21</sup> fully convinced that God was able to do what he had promised. <sup>22</sup> That is why his faith was "counted to him as righteousness." <sup>23</sup> But the words "it was counted to him" were not written for his sake alone, <sup>24</sup> but for ours also. It will be counted to us who believe in him who raised from the dead Jesus our Lord, <sup>25</sup> who

Galatians 2:16 (ESV) yet we know that a person is not justified by works of the law but through faith in Jesus Christ, so we also have believed in Christ Jesus, in order to be justified by faith in Christ and not by works of the law, because by works of the law no one will be justified.